

THE DEMOCRAT.

MONDAY - - - - JUNE 13.

J. W. WOFFINDIN, Editor and Proprietor.

ITS THE TRUTH THAT HURTS.

As we go to press (Saturday) the news arrives that the State Convention on Wednesday last was harmonious in every particular; and that immense numbers of delegates were present.

The following is the DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

- FOR GOVERNOR,
Hon. John J. Jacobs, of Hampshire County.
- FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
Hon. John M. Phelps, of Mason County.
- FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,
Major E. A. Bennett, of Marion County.
- FOR TREASURER OF STATE,
Hon. John S. Burdett, of Kanawha County.
- FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
Hon. Joseph S. Sprigg, of Hardy County.
- FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
Hon. C. P. T. Moore, of Mason County.

We will print the full proceedings next week.

For Assessor—2d District—John Bohan, Esq.

With pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the announcement, printed to-day, of JOHN BOHAN, Esq., for Assessor of the 2d District of Lewis County—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. We can heartily endorse and support Mr. BOHAN, from the fact that he is known as an "unflinching Democrat," and has already earned an enviable reputation for correctness and intelligence by previous services to his Township. His being an Irishman calls for no apology—but on the contrary is a powerful reason why the Convention should the more favorably consider his claims. In this county we profess to be Democratic, and the Democrat who will ostracize another by reason of his nativity or religious belief, had better join hands with our opponents—for that is radical, and not Democratic doctrine.

READ AND ACT.

A New Turn of the Registration Wheel.

The 1st section of the act of Congress just passed, to enforce the 15th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and for other purposes, provides that ALL citizens of the United States, otherwise qualified, shall be allowed and entitled to vote at all elections, and where this right is denied to them, the other sections of the act give a remedy in the Federal Courts, by damages to the party injured in not less than \$500; and a fine of \$500 additional to the United States, to be paid by the person refusing this right, and imprisonment by the Federal Judge.

The law also provides that where a person advises or procures the denial of this right, he shall pay like damages and suffer like imprisonment.

To be plain, such gentlemen as James M. Corley and his son-in-law, Coonrod, and Craven Berry and his associate registrars of Braxton county, under the advice of State Judges, can no longer strike down voters with impunity, and shield themselves behind the circuit courts and radical State laws.

If a radical registrar refuses to register a Democrat, or strikes him from the list of voters because he is a Democrat, (as has been the case with thousands in this State,) he can now have redress in the Federal Court. He may sue him for damages and indict him for his misconduct. As a remedy is now afforded the lawful voter against the corrupt registrar who refuses him this right to vote, our advice is to any Democratic voter in this State who is or has been denied his right to vote because he is a Democrat, to register or propose to do so, and whenever refused, to take his case before the Federal Court. And whenever a State Judge, or any other radical State official, induces or advises a registrar to refuse a voter registration, or strike a voter's name from the registry list, we advise the party aggrieved to take him or them without delay before the same tribunal.

The ruling of a radical State Judge, that the meaning and object of the Registration Law was and is to keep the political power and offices of the State in the hands of the radical party, and it was the duty of the registrars to see to it—and that he, as such Judge, would protect them, has found in a law passed by a radical Congress expressly for the negro, a corrective for the white man.

And what is most favorable, jurisdiction is conferred upon the Federal Courts; and in our State, we have a Federal Judge who will see that justice is done, let the consequences be what they may.

The Whittemore Club.

[Written for The Democrat.]

NUMBER THIRTEEN.

[The Club assembled at a rather late hour, owing to many of the members having examined the luminary horizon through the bottom of a glass divers and sundry times since Pete Dargan brought in the United States mail. The joyous news had arrived that Whittemore had been re-elected to Congress, and could soon again display to the world the beauties of a Republican form of Government by selling cadetships or anything else that would bring the currency of the country into communication with his pocket. The Club room had been beautifully decorated—mottos were inscribed upon various parts of the wall—and general enthusiasm prevailed. Among many prominent mottos, the one

"WHITTEMORE AND GLORY!"

and

"D. C. LURK AND VICTORY!"

attracted much attention, from the fact that some wretch had written "In a horn!" directly under it. Over the Speaker's desk was inscribed—"The negro is our equal—let him up! The Democrats are rebels—put 'em down!" Mr. D. C. Lark marched into the Club room bearing in his capacious inside fourteen quarts of beer, and his luminous exterior was clad in a black star-spangled banner, upon which, in large black letters, were the words—

"Flag of the free heart's hope and home,
By angel hands to valor given,
Long has thou fed this hungry body,
And liquor'd my inwards with loyal toddy."

Mr. Tommy Bigot created loud enthusiasm by entering the Club room bearing a transparency, upon which was inscribed—

"HERE'S YOUR LOIL MULE!"

BRING OUT YOUR REBEL RIDER!"

At last Mr. Sugarfoot arrived, and remarked that "he'd be thus d-d if thar musn't be order."

On taking the chair, Mr. Sugarfoot said that—

"We'd all get blind drunk,
Johnny fill up the bowl!"

Mr. BUNNINGTON—Mr. Chairman, you look, and doubtless feel pale. Would it not be well to give up the onerous duties of the Chair for to-night?

Dr. LEXOTHY—I would ask my friend (Mr. Bunnington) why he don't talk English. The Chair is on a drunk. That's what's the matter.

THE CHAIR—I will say here that I have as much right to get on a tear as any other nigger. If you white trash don't like the show, you can go to the door and get your money back.

Mr. D. C. LURK—The Chair will please recollect that he is in the presence of gentlemen.

THE CHAIR—Gentlemen! I'd say Gentlemen, if I had been as mean as you are. I would whisper in the ear of Mr. D. C. Lark that if he don't keep the oracular orifice in his countenance closed, thars some things may come out on him. That rebel newspaper fellow would give his new boots to get the documents, and I have 'em. Let my distinguished friend and ex-member of the Board of Registration draw that through his teeth and count the knots.

Mr. D. C. LURK—I trust the Chair will take no offence at my remark. I merely spoke jocularly.

THE CHAIR—I accept Mr. Lark's apology; but warn him not to depend too much upon my leniency.

Captain WHEAT desired to know why the County Convention had been called without first inviting the colored men.

Mr. DOUGHERTY said he would like to know how long his distinguished florid friend, (Mr. D. C. Lark) had been a member of the Catholic Church; and suggested that Irishmen did not know much, but they were too almighty smart to have the wool jerked over their eyes in that way.

Dr. LEXOTHY—I arise to a question of order. In defending my friend (Mr. D. C. Lark) I—

Mr. D. C. LURK—I beg Dr. Lengthy not to defend me again; for I am now more than ever of the opinion that if I come to an untimely end it will be at the hands of my friends. It is true that I have attended the Catholic Church of late, so that the poor, illiterate Irish could see that I was not too proud to associate with them a little; and doubtless many of them will vote for me from that fact, notwithstanding the evil prophecy of Mr. Dogberry. Besides this, I have a friend who owns about thirty votes up the river, which usually go on the rebel side, but will go for me this year; so what with the trooly loyal vote, aided by the glorious Americans of African descent and the purgatory Democrats, I have no fears for the result. I place the purgatory Democrats after all the rest, because, here in the privacy of our Club room, we do not fear to say that that is their proper place. I am sure of election; and can easily afford to laugh at P. M. Hale or any other man who is foolish enough to say that I shall "be beat two hundred votes."

Mr. GYMPSON said he would take his davy if he wouldn't like to know how Mr. D. C. Lark got out of the Wheeling Intelligencer. He (Mr. GYMPSON) had supposed until now that Mr. Lark was on the shelf.

Mr. FETTER remarked that when he

had last taken the census, by order from Department Headquarters, dated at "The Big Brick, June 1st, 1870," he had put down Mr. D. C. Lark as "Dead, and in all probability d-d;" and he (Mr. Fetter) could not understand why a man who had held as many offices as Mr. D. C. Lark should again ask a position. Sixteen at a time was enough.

Dr. LEXOTHY—Mr. Chairman, I arose to-night to defend Mr. D. C. Lark, and he insulted me by doubting either my motives or my capability. He insulted me—me, the father of this Club. Henceforth I ally myself with Messrs. Dogberry, Fetterish, & Co. Mr. D. C. Lark, thou hast lost a friend, for—

Once I loved thee—

But now no more be essier of mine!

It is but natural that I should resent this ill-treatment. It is only human nature that in speaking of Messrs. Boards of Registration and Quartermaster's matters I should speak the truth; for, as that rebel newspaper says—"It's THE TRUTH THAT HURTS." All these things will I speak in due time—I will prevaricate no more—and for what lies I have told in his favor, may the Lord forgive me.

THE CHAIR—Gentlemen, not having yet treated this sweet assemblage, I take the present opportunity of saying that a flowing bowl awaits you at Mr. Strawden's.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned.

THE LOIL IN COUNCIL.

IMMENSE ENTHUSIASM.

GREAT ATTENDANCE OF DELEGATES.

Why the trooly loil of this county are in a state of such unprecedented perturbation is a question they are as yet unwilling to answer. Why one is afraid of the other, and all are afraid they are rapidly going to the devil, (beg pardon, but it's the truth) is another interrogatory of great moment to the faithful. Without any previous notice—that is, to outsiders and heretics—the Court House bell was loudly tolled on the afternoon of the 4th inst.,—toll'd by the lusty strength of the immaculate tinker whose pride it is to register all loil people—regardless of race, color or previous condition of servitude. On inquiry we learned that this hour had arrived for a grand outpouring of the loil m-asses—a gathering which should strike terror to the hearts of those who scoffed at Jim Crawley or discounted the "great moral ideas" of the republican party. On learning this, we waited a considerable length of period for the outpouring to show itself; and we waited, and waited, and better waited, until we thought, like the poet—

"Oh! with what a leaden and retarding weight,
Does expectation load the wing of Time!"

On taking a casual glance at the interior of the building, however, we found that while we had been looking on a way, the trooly loil had come by another; and that the "Lewis County Republican Convention" was actually in session. Being a Copperhead myself, we naturally felt a little backward about pushing ourself forward in a loil Convention; so at a respectful distance we took a bird's-eye view of the immense and enthusiastic delegations which had arrived from the various townships. As we have the misfortune to be personally acquainted with the delegates, we take the liberty of giving their names and titles a place in the columns of THE DEMOCRAT:

1. GEORGE ROSS, ex-Deputy Clerk of the Circuit Court, and radical candidate for that office.
2. ALLEN SIMPSON, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and radical candidate for that office.
3. A. J. WOOD, Clerk of the Board of Registration, and radical candidate for any office in or out of the gift of the people, from President down.

Three was the number—all told; and we call upon any truthful member of the radical party to say there was more. Owing to the respectful distance at which we sat, we failed to hear the words of wisdom as they fell from the lips of the illustrious gentlemen composing the Convention. No doubt they nominated a full list of delegates (including themselves) to the radical State Convention at Parkersburg; and doubtless large capitals in the Clarksburg Telegraph and Wheeling Intelligencer will tell of a "Great Republican Meeting in Lewis County," on such and such a day; when such and such persons addressed the assemblage; and so-and-so were elected delegates to the State Convention.

Our readers will have noticed by the extract from the call of the radical State Executive Committee, printed upon our first page, that negroes "as well as other republicans" were invited to participate in these primary meetings; and we charge that this so-called "Convention" was held secretly, in order to prevent the colored men of the county from having a voice therein. Aside from this, if the decent men of the radical party will submit to the rule of the trio who composed the "Convention" spoken of, we must confess that we have given them credit heretofore for more sense and independence than they really possess. If they submit to this, it is useless to suppose that they will resent the negro equality doctrines which are now being forced upon them by the men whom they have elected to office—or that they will refuse to receive the negro in

the common schools, with their own sons and daughters—at their tables; and acknowledge social equality in the broadest sense of the term.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Our Village Senate.

MONDAY, June 6.

J. G. Vandervort qualified and gave bond as Treasurer for the current year. The Street Commissioner was ordered to examine all stove-pipes within the Corporation which were dangerous to adjoining property, and report to the Board.

[At the next meeting the Board will take up the question of "Free Hogs" or "Imprisonment for Pork."]

For Recorder—James Bohan, Jr., Esq.

Among other announcements, that of JAMES BOHAN, Jr., Esq., should find a place in the minds of our people. A young man of tried honor and integrity—qualified for the position to which he aspires by a good education, and more than an ordinary share of intelligence—and last, though not least, a Democrat "rocked in a Democratic cradle," he is in every way worthy of the confidence of the people.

The Episcopal Church.

The patrons of the Episcopal Church have recently caused it to be newly painted, and the grounds to be enclosed by a new fence. This is creditable to our town, as well as generous to church contributions. In our early annals around the church we observe that the bad boys, or worse men, have already commenced its gradual disfiguration. They have defaced the painting by daubs, the house by mud balls, and the pallings by the knife. Is there no remedy? Our town ordinance is sufficient; for it provides for a fine of \$5 for the offence of disfiguration, and collects it either from the person or parents. Let the new council of our town enquire into this thing, and inflict the punishment, and not wait for a suggestion. It is a matter that decency commands and requires.

For Sheriff—A. W. Woodford.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I see in your valuable paper the announcements of several candidates, subjecting themselves to the decision of the County Democratic Convention. Among them I notice Col. Woodford's name mentioned for the Sheriffship. As we believe him to be worthy and efficient, for that position, we promise him a hearty support in all his efforts.

We think the Sheriffship is due the Colonel this time. In 1868 he was fairly elected by the popular vote of the county, but by the workings of the registration "law" he did not get his office. Also, in 1868, he was brought out for a seat in the House of Delegates, on which occasion he had to run two elections before he could get his seat, which cost him a great deal of time and money. In his last contest we believe the Colonel did more to establish and set the party right than any other man in the county. We always found the Colonel to be a man of untiring energy and unflinching honor in all his transactions of life; and we hope that he may receive the unanimous nomination of the Convention.

SHERIDAN.
June 8, 1870.

WILEY TOWNSHIP.

District Executive Committees.

MA. WOFFINDIN:—Below are the Committees for our township so far as we have been able to make appointments:

- 1st district—Geo. Lick, Jesse Butcher and A. McDonald.
- 2d district—McCann's Run, R. B. Herzer and David Allan.
- 3d district—Kincheloe, P. T. L. Queen and George Gaston.
- 4th district, L. Gall and Spillman Norris.
- 5th district, R. A. Kemper and J. Straley.
- 6th district, J. Simmons and M. B. Bailey.
- 7th district, J. Bond and J. P. Hull.
- 8th district, William Fleisher and Albert Straley.
- 9th district, Michael Riley, Sen., and James Dorsey.
- 10th district, John Walters and John Tierney.
- 11th district, No Democrats to be found.
- 12th district, William Woelfer and Barney Krouse.
- 13th district, John Butcher and Hugh Gaston.
- 14th district, Isaac Waggy and E. L. Butcher.

We have been a little slow, but our township, you know, is the political black sheep of the county. Very truly,
W. J. BAILEY, Chairman.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

Having made arrangements to go into business further South, I to-day offer my entire stock at

COST PRICES.

including DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, and GROCERIES.

ALL PERSONS

Knowing themselves indebted to Me will please call and SETTLE THEIR ACCOUNTS AT ONCE, as it is important to me to close my business here as speedily as possible.

P. L. KEMBLE.
Weston, Monday, June 13, 21.

WEST VIRGINIA TO-WIT:

At rules held in the clerk's office of the circuit court of Lewis county, on the first Monday in June, 1870.

George J. Arnold, plaintiff,

vs.

Wm. McAnale and Peter McAnale, Def'ts.

In Chancery.

The object of this suit is to enforce a vendors lien against a tract of 123 acres of land, lying in Lewis county, sold by the plaintiff to the defendants.

And it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendant Peter McAnale is not a resident of this State, and he not appearing, it is ordered that he do appear here within one month after the first publication of this order, and do what may be necessary to protect his interest in this suit.

A copy test:
June 13-41 ALLEN SIMPSON, Clerk.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENRY ROSENHEIM. HENRY GUGGENHEIMER.

ROSENHEIM & GUGGENHEIMER.

W HOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

LIQUOR DEALERS,

ANN STREET,

PARKERSBURG, W. VA.

KEEP ALWAYS ON HAND, THE LARG-

EST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK

OF GOODS IN THE CITY.

They return their most sincere thanks to the

very liberal patronage bestowed upon each o

them by their many kind friends and patrons

and trust—having now consolidated their Busi-

ness houses—that by strict and close attention

to business, to merit a continuance of the same

THEIR MOTTO, (AS HERETOFORE)

—WILL BE—

QUICK SALES, SMALL PROFITS.

ROSENHEIM & GUGGENHEIMER.

Parkersburg, February 1.

H. M. SIMPSON,

—MERCHANT TAILOR—

Business carried on

BY C. SIMPSON,

JULIA ANN STREET,

PARKERSBURG, WEST VA.

Our material is selected with the ut

most care, both as to style and wear, and

we guarantee satisfaction in every in-

stance.

WE FURNISH SUITS FROM \$25 AND

UPWARD.

THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY

FOREVER."

AND OUR SUITS

HAVE ONLY TO

BE SEEN TO BE ADMIR

We have on hand a large stock of

FRENCH,

GERMAN,

AND AMERICAN

GOODS,

WHICH WE ARE PREPARED

TO MAKE UP

AT MODERATE PROFITS.

Orders respectfully solicited and

promptly filled.

0019-1y

ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—AT—

LEWIS STORE, WESTON, W. VA.

My Motto,

SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES!

I AM just receiving and opening a splendid as-

ortment of Goods suitable for the season,

and name in part:

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queens-

ware, Tinware, Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps, Woodenware,

Drugs, Medicines, Flour,

Dye Stuffs, Leather,

Salt, Iron, and

Steel, &c.

Which I am enabled, having purchased on the

best terms, to offer at very low rates.

TRADE! TRADE!—I will pay the highest

prices for Trade of every variety, and will sell

Goods at the lowest figures. Owing to the

advantages of the cash system to all parties, buy-

ers will find it to their interest to call at my

store before going elsewhere. Thankful for the

liberal patronage shown to me by the public

and my friends, I promise renewed efforts to

give them entire satisfaction in their future

dealings with me.

The highest market prices paid for Gim-

seng, Flaxseed and Wool.

A. A. LEWIS.

Weston, W. Va., June 6, 1870.

J. A. FLYMIRE. R. H. PAYNE.

CLARKSBURG MARBLE WORKS

PLYMIRE & PAYNE,

Pike Street, Clarksburg, W. Va.

Monuments, Tombs,

Headstones, &c., &c.,

Manila, B. & C. U.

Tops, Stands, &c.,

manufactured to order

with neatness and

at reduced rates.

Orders promptly

filled. Persons wanting anything in our